Magical Realism and Mythmaking in Pakistani English Children

Fiction: A Linguistic Critique of A Firefly in the Dark

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Abstract

The present study analyzes the linguistic choices and quality through a co-textual study of the

magical and mythical stories inscribed in Shazaf Fatima Haider's A Firefly in the Dark (2018).

This research emphasizes the ways the author retrieves an intersection of Pakistani history through

its magical and cultural threads weaved convivially in the textual and contextual parameters of

temporal and geographical spaces of the selected text. The researchers examine the selected text

linguistically to see how it negotiates the magical quality of stories of ghosts and gods,

daydreaming, horror and myth, imagery and identity, and the amalgamation of rational and

irrational worldviews. The writer has proven to be the flag bearer of contemporary literature of

magical realism in Pakistan. The textual study grasps the historical context, aspects of magical

realism and mythmaking linguistic choices inherent in A Firefly in the Dark. The researchers

have carried out the study by developing an analytical framework from the existing theories of

magical realism by Faris (2004) and Campbell's theory of hero, mythmaking, and monomyth

(Campbell, 1988). By connecting traditional mythmaking with cutting-edge storytelling

techniques, the novel encompasses the fundamental values of magical realism. The

researchers examine the ways the text negotiates the myth-making tradition and gains a fresh

perspective on cultural narratives.

Keywords: Magical realism, mythmaking, Pakistani fiction, magic, identity, belief

system, linguistic choices